E-type S1 4.2 Alu radiator + Kenlowe fan

Partnumber: 060.134

The heavy duty 16" Kenlowe fan replaces the original electric fan for series I, 1.5 3.8/4.2 E-Types made before 1968. (Alternative fan models apply for post 1968 models). Whilst the original fan cowl should be retained for originality or aesthetics it is a disadvantage to cooling efficiency and was only employed in an attempt to maximise the limited cooling achievable with the original single twisted metal strip impellor! We recommend that the cowl is removed to maximise the vehicles cooling with the Kenlowe fan. If when you offer up the Kenlowe fan between the radiator and the original fan motor mounting bracket shelf there is insufficient clearance, for the Kenlowe motor remove any excess length of the redundant motor mounting bracket to provide approximately 5-10mm of working clearance.

To mount the Kenlowe fan a simple specially formulated high temperature "advanced" clamp mounting system enables easy DIY installation and ensures the fan duct seals to the radiator so that all the airflow output passes through the radiator to maximise heat exchange performance.

Use the six plastic ratchet strips, one at each corner of the fan ducting to clamp the fan to the engines water radiator. After each tie is passed through the outer most holes in the ring duct mounting lugs place a square black foam pad over the nylon ratchet strip - push the plastic strip between the water tubes of the water radiator. (If the finning is proud of the water tubes on the fan side leave off the black foam pads between the fan and the radiator). IMPORTANT If the radiator core is in poor condition (ie. rotting/decaying or just old) consider alternative mounting options that are available before attempting installation.

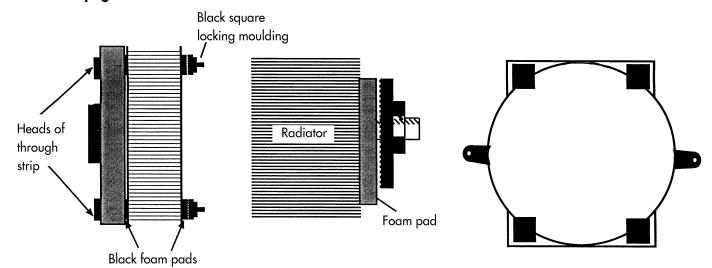
Note: this system is suitable for most radiators with rows of water tubes in line ie. and even some staggered core radiators provided the alternate rows leave an easy passage for the plastic strip to pass through! In the absence of sufficient space on staggered core radiators please contact your supplier for the optional fan to body mountings.

Before using the black square locking mouldings to secure the fan in place assess if the frail heat transfer finning is proud of the water tubes on the opposite side of the radiator to the fan! If the fins are proud of the water tubes flatten the finning with your finger or a piece of wood so that it is flush with the water tubes in the localised area where the locking moulding sits.

Place a black foam pad over the ratchet strip and push up to the water radiator before sliding the black plastic square locking moulding over the protruding boss away from the radiator and the offset slot on the ratchet side of the strip - the square black locking nut moulding should seat across at least two water tubes.

Using a pair of pliers pull the strip through the radiator whilst pushing the plastic retaining square towards the radiator sufficiently to compress the foam pads. The ratchet system will lock each fixing securely in place. Cut off the excess plastic strip with wire cutters after ensuring the ratchet system has been fully tightened.

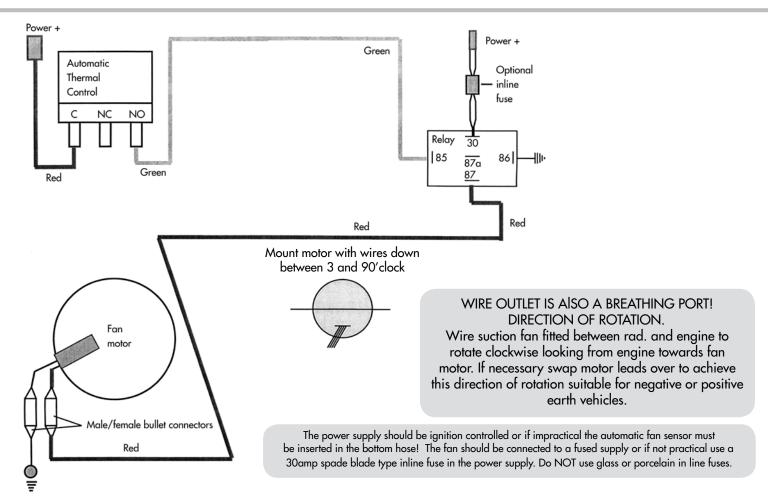
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E-type S1 4.2 Alu radiator + Kenlowe fan

Partnumber: 060.134



KENLOWE THERMAL CONTROL FITTING INSTRUCTIONS

Drain off approximately half the water in the radiator. Ensure that any interior heater taps (if fitted) are turned on. Loosen hose clip at radiator end of top hose, insert sensing element partially into the top radiator tank as FIG 5A. The small diameter copper capillary may be bent into a 'U' shape using the fingers only. DO NOT KINK AND KEEP THE RADIUS AS LARGE AS POSSIBLE. DO NOT BEND THE CAPILLARY WHERE IT IS JOINED TO THE SENSING ELEMENT. Pass the sensing element into the header tank as in FIG. 5A. IF THE HEADER TANK DOES NOT ALLOW IT TO PASS COMPLETELY INTO IT, PASS THE SENSOR AS FAR AS POSSIBLE WITHOUT BENDING IT. LEAVE THE REMAINDER LYING IN THE NECK OF THE HEADER TANK AND TOP HOSE.

NOTE: If the hose is not in good condition a new hose should be fitted. Rest the rubber seal on the radius of the metal radiator pipe and against the end ferrule, but not over the top of it. Recess the capillary in the centre groove of the seal and with the thumb holding the capillary and seal steady pass the hose over the capillary, seal and metal pipe (leave hose clip loose until point '9' is completed).

To mount the control box, locate a convenient position near top hose and clear of bonnet when lowered, UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES MOUNT TO THE ENGINE. This position should be out of line of road dirt or water and not near a very hot surface. If there is a convenient bolt this can be used to attach the bracket to the vehicle, alternatively two self tapping screws are supplied (drill1/8" dia.). (If possible mount bracket vertically. This is not critical). The control mechanism should be mounted by passing the control up through the bracket exactly as diagram FIG. 5A and FIG. 6, with the capillary facing the bracket. Lock the upward facing tongue of the control on the female slot in the bracket and then using washer and thin half nut provided fit on threaded collar, tighten with spanner. Push dial adjustment knob carefully on 'D' shaped shaft as diagram FIG.6making sure the spring blade is opposite the flat on the spindle of the thermal control. Screw large head Phillips screw (2BA) provided into threaded hole on top of the bracket marked 'A' in diagram 5A.

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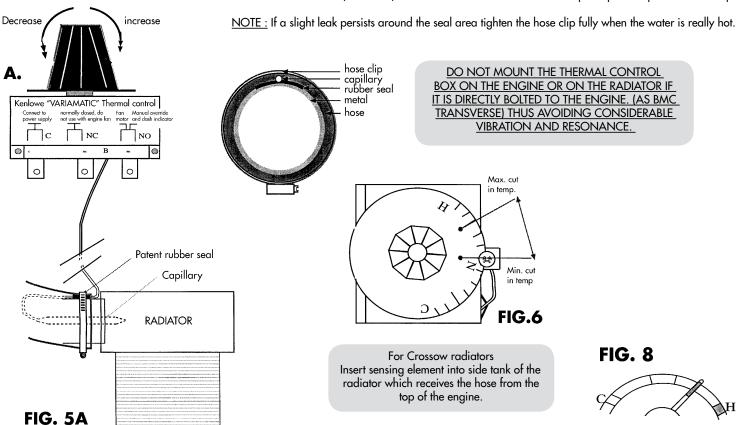


E-type \$1 4.2 Alu radiator + Kenlowe fan

Partnumber: 060.134

KENLOWE THERMAL CONTROL FITTING INSTRUCTIONS:

Locate the hose clip so that it is in the middle of the width of the Kenlowe patent seal. Locate worm drive clip or adjustment screw mechanism of the clip exactly opposite the rubber seal (180 deg. Opposite as diagram 5B). Tighten hose clip fully. Fill with coolant, start engine and check fo leaks. When engine has warmed up a little re-tighten if necessary (remember that the capillary has a very thick wall and will not be crushed). Leave radiator cap off while the engine is ticking over to ensure against air locks and top up as necessary. Remember on all vehicles to position the control box as close as possible to the point where it enters the cooling system to allow maximum length of coiled capillary to absorb vibration but do not mount on the engine. Ensure capillary outlet backs to the bracket. (As FIG. 6). Remember that a worm drive hose clip will prove superior to wire clip.



DO NOT POINT SENSOR UP THE HOSE TOWARDS THE ENGINE DO NOT BEND OR RE-FORM SENSOR BULB.

If sensing element will not enter as far into the header tank as shown, allow it to enter as far as convenient leaving the remainder in the radiator neck.

Setting Instructions For 'Variomatic' Thermal Control. Important: Failure to comply exactly with these instructions will invalidate your guarantee.

<u>Setting instructions for cars with temperature gauges:</u>

(i) Turn adjustment knob fully clockwise. (ii) Run engine until the temperature gauge goes as far pas normal as shown in diagram No.8. Remember this is only 5°C or 10°F higher than your previous running temperature - see explanation in point below. Therefore for cars with gauges calibrated in degrees the needle should be at least 5C or 10F higher than the reading obtained previously under average running (ie. when vehicle is moving at 20mph or over and after a journey of 12 miles or more.) (iii) Then turn knob slowly back anticlockwise until fan starts. (iv) Check fan reduces the temperature approximately the thickness of the needle and then cuts out. If the fan runs for long periods and has difficulty cutting out set fan to cut in one graduation higher. (ie. to cut in at a higher temperature.) (x) If the fan is set to cut in any lower than diagram No.8 the guarantee will become invalid because: (a) The fan will operate for long periods and over cool the engine, defeating the object of ensuring that your car runs at a higher and more efficient temperature. (b) Because the temperature gauge needles first 1/4" of movement from cold may represent 40°C the indential 1/4" movement higher up the scale towards the 'hot' will only represent about 7°C. Therefore diagram No.8 is showing a cut in temperature of 5°C or 10°F higher than your previous over cooled normal temperature, allowing the engine thermostat to be fully open before the fan cuts in.

Continues next page >>>

Page 3



Correct

Wrong

FITTING INSTRUCTIONS E-type \$1 4.2 Alu radiator + Kenlowe fan

Partnumber: 060.134

Lock the knob by tightening the locking screw 'A' in diagram Fig. 5A lightly. (Use a washer or similar to pack up the gap between the knob and bracket if necessary).

TO SET CUT IN TEMPERATURE WITHOUT A TEMPERATURE GAUGE:

Turn the knob to position shown in diagram Fig. 6. If fan cuts in when vehicle is moving, then turn knob clockwise one graduation to cut fan in at higher temperature, then repeat test. Lock knob by tightening locking screw 'A' in diagram Fig. 5A lightly.

NOTE: Turn clockwise to raise temperature at which fan cuts in. Anti-clockwise to reduce cut in temperature.

REMEMBER ON ALL VEHICLES THAT THE PRESSURE CAP RAISES THE BOILING POINT OF WATER BY 3°F FOR EVERY POUND PER SQUARE INCH OF PRESSURE.

FOR VEHICLES WITH A 4lb cap boiling point is 224°F / 107°C, 7lb cap = 233°F / 112°C, 9lb cap = 239°F / 115°C, 10lb = 242°F / 117°C, 13lb cap = 251°F / 122°C, 15lb cap = 257°F / 125°C The modern vehicle with pressurised cooling can therefore be run at temperatures that would have been considered high only ten years ago, but it should be remembered that pressure caps lose their pressure capacity after approximately 12 months of use.

IMPORTANT FOR ALL FAN INSTALLATIONS.

Check the following to ensure correct operation.

- (a) Make sure that the blade is tight and is completely free to rotate under all conditions.
- (b) Blade is fitted to spindle correctly (see wiring diagram for correct rotation and Fig. 4)

NOTE:

The following information is provided to ensure the maximum efficiency of the equipment and the best results.

- (a) If the fuse blows on first starting the fan, it may be due to the motor still being tight. Replace with a maximum fuse rating of 35 amps (English), European fuses are rated differently. See wiring diagram.
- (b) If there is evidence of blade tip run out (each blade is tested for balance) it will be due to distortion during storage and packing, despite the special care exercised. Once the blade is fitted on the car, it will true itself due to the heat of the radiator in about five weeks.
- (c) If the fan runs for long periods and appears to have insufficient power to reduce coolant temperature it is normally because the Variomatic control has been set to cut the fan in at too low temperature. Turn the knob clockwise 5 and re-test. If necessary continue setting higher until the fan stabilizes the coolant temperature.
- (d) The manual control option is provided to allow the fan to be isolated or switched on irrespective of temperature if desired.

These points apply to any car and equally apply to cars that are not fitted with an electric fan. Guard against restricting the grille aperture by mounting lights or badges which will limit the natural ram effect cooling. Pressure caps and hoses are components that should be replaced at 12 month intervals. Ageing of the pressure cap spring will reduce the pressure retaining capacity and hoses may collapse internally without showing on the outside of the hose.

IMPORTANT:

A strain is put on the cooling system when touring on the continent or when towing a caravan, this is increased if the car incorporates an automatic gearbox or if more than one these conditions apply at the same time. Consequently cars with the standard engine driven fan often suffer from overheating under these conditions. In the circumstances the Kenlowe Thermomatic electric fan may be employed as a Booster Fan to supplement the engine driven fan. The engine driven fan may be removed when motoring without a caravan so gaining the normal Kenlowe advantages of reduced fuel consumption or improved performance. This equipment has been used successfully for caravan towing throughout the world, including tropical countries. This procedure is possible due to the electric fan normally being mounted in front of the radiator, behind the front grille, with the fan blowing back through the core on the majority of cars. By this method the Kenlowe fan will cut in automatically when the standard engine driven fan cannot cope with the increased heat build up.

AIR CONDITIONED VEHICLES:

With the increasing number of air conditioned vehicles it has become evident that the air conditioning condenser mounted in front of the engine cooling radiator dissipates its heat direct into the air stream passing through the engine cooling radiator and so overloads the engine cooling system. The 'Thermomatic' fan assembly is particularly suitable for this application of boosting the engine fan in very hot weather when the air-conditioning is in maximum use, because this model is the slimmest automobile electric fan obtainable anywhere in the world and can therefore be fitted in front of the condenser. The engine driven fan can be removed during the colder months when the air conditioning is not in use so that the reduced fuel consumption and more power advantages apply.

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E-type S1 4.2 Alu radiator + Kenlowe fan

Partnumber: 060.134

Kenlowe supplementary pin mounting fitting instruction for 16" axial fan:

16" Kenlowe fans are secured with 4 pairs mounting as shown in the diagram marked 'P' and 4 nylon clamp mountings marked 'N' in the diagram use 4 point nylon clamping system first as shown on the front page of the A3 instruction folder in addition use the 4 pairs of pin mountings as instructed below.

Pin mounts secure the fan directly to the radiator without drilling or spanners.

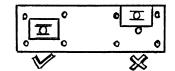
A feature of direct radiator mounting is to ensure that the stationary plastic ring ducting seals to the radiator so that 100% of the fan airflow output passes through the radiator. Airflow exiting the radiator is what the heat travels away on in direct proportion, thus ensuring that cooling efficiency is maximised.

If the radiator core is in poor condition (ie. rotting/decaying, orvery old) consider alternative mounting options that are available before attempting installation.

- 1) With the the rubber strip washer between the plastic fan ring duct and radiator pass from the Kenlowe fan side one pin at a time between the water tubes of the radiator, as the diagram. Pin the fan in place using at least two opposite pairs of pins before pushing the retaining clamp fitting on the other side.
- 2) Before fitting the retaining clamp fitting ensure all mounting pins will pass comfortably between the water tubes! Rotate the fan slightly if necessary to achieve this! (Position so that pins are comfortably spaced between water tubes). Then push one retaining strip at a time over a pair of pins. (Rubber pips towards the radiator). Pull the pins towards you with a pair of pliers so that the pin head secures the fan casing duct tight to the radiator and push the strip retaining clamp home with firm pressure between the pins as arrow on the diagram.

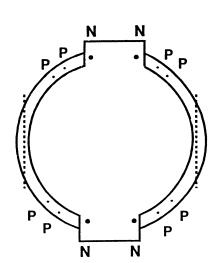
Note:

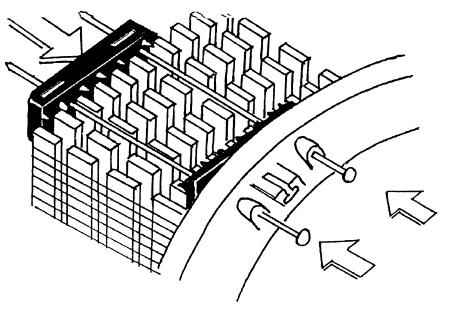
The rubber retaining clamps incorporate two metal clips, one for each pin to push through the pin is scored by the clip creating a one way barb to lock the fitting tight. To achieve this check that the metal clips are fully home in their slots and not visible! (they should be fully recessed in the rubber cavity/slot so that you can feel the pin going through the metal clip instead of the just through the rubber)



- 3) Ensure all the pin/clamp mountings are fully pushed home and if the frail heat transfer tinning is proud of the water tubes, flatten them locally so that the strip retaining clamp on the opposite side to the fan seats on the water tubes. (Metal clips inside the rubber clamp strip cause one way barbs to be created on thepins to stop the fitting coming loose.)
- 4) When fully secure cut access pins off with suitable cutters avoid bending pins when cutting.

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FITTING INSTRUCTIONS E-type S1 4.2 Alu radiator + Kenlowe fan

Partnumber: 060.134

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ADVANCED NEW CONTINUOUS MOULDED RED SILICONE SEALING BAND

Instructions for advanced new continuous moulded red silicone sealing band for easy DIY retrofit installation of the thermal control capillary entry without cutting the hose or drilling the radiator yet giving an assured water tight seal!

Any alternatives such as electronic controls in hose adaptor blocks introduced into the hose have the disadvantage of needing a longer straight length of hose than many compact moulded curved hoses have available and consequently they can reduce the Important flexibility of the hose leading to hose failure or neck failure of the radiator which in either event can lead to catastrophic engine failure without hardly any warning from the temperature gauge, they also cost some 2 or 3 times more than the Kenlowe electrical mechanical control, yet still need a mechanical set of contacts because the electronic circuit cannot handle the current without a relay!

- 1) To fit the red silicone elastic continuous saddle band first decide where you prefer the capillary to lay in the groove and where you will have easy access to the jubilee screw which needs to be exactly 180° opposite.
- 2) Put a forefinger from each hand into the lower half of the continuous band, so you can pull it apart to the required diameter to fit over the top or bottom radiator pipe. Position the silicone band so that the grove is in the correct place and the band is between the wall of the tank and the raised end ferrule. Avoid using soap and if you need to reposition it a little pull the band by holding it between your fingers, do not grip the whole diameter with your hand because it won't slide but it can be tugged or rolled. If you need to move it a lot take it off and start again. Ensure the red silicone band does not overlap the raised ferrule end.
- 3) Lay the capillary in the groove having bent the capillary with your fingers into a U bend so that the torpedo bulb can lay in the neck and tank of the radiator.
- 4) Push the hose over the band whilst holding the capillary in the groove with your thumb take care not to snag the seal which would push it out of place (use a smear of soap inside the hose if this helps and replace the hose if it is hard and old rather than supple and relatively new! (Note where the thin red silicone continuous band lays particularly opposite the thicker capillary section so that you can place the hose clips in the middle of the band, which will be narrower at its thin waist compared with the thicker section with the capillary groove.
- 5) Position the hose clip as outlined and tighten down fully (remember the screw should be opposite the capillary entry and the band should be in the middle of the width allowing for the narrower thin section. Retighten when hot you cannot crush the thick wall of the capillary.

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PARTS